



## **Newsletter of the Association for Tree-Ring Research**

### **No. 13, February 2015**

<b>Table of contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
TRACE 2014 in Aviemore (Scotland)	2
ATR membership meeting 2014	3
Your membership fees are needed for student support!	3
ADA 2015 Kathmandu (Nepal)	4
Announcement TRACE 2015 in Sevilla	4
Dendro-Field week in Poland	4
Series: Tree-ring labs in Europe	5
Mini Editorial	8

**TRACE 2014 in Aviemore (Scotland)**

By Achim Bräuning

The last TRACE conference took place in Aviemore (Scotland) during 7-9 May 2014, organized by Rob Wilson from the Department of Geography & Sustainable Development, School of Geography and Geosciences, University of St Andrews. The event was held in a countryside holiday resort, in a structure surrounded by a mountain forests and lakes.

The more than 100 participants enjoyed a tight and interesting program, divided almost equally between talks and posters, including the topics wood anatomy, dendrochemistry, stable isotopes, ecology, tree-ring response and climate.

The program of TRACE included a cultural evening with local food, drinks (including Scotch Whisky, of course) music and dancing. Before, however, the participants were guided by Rob Wilson and his team through the pine forests surrounding the Highland lake Loch an Eilein and were introduced into local dendroarchaeology and dendroclimatology. Thanks to St. Andrews' team the meeting was a great enjoyment and success!



Impressive pine forests around Loch an Eilein



Rob Wilson explaining the history of Scottish pine forests



TRACE participants enjoying the Scottish music and dancing

**ATR membership meeting 2014**

The annual membership meeting 2014 of ATR was also held during TRACE 2014 in Aviemore. ATR President Achim Bräuning reported about activities during 2013 and 2014. ATR participated in sponsoring the field week of the Asian Dendrochronology Conference 2013 in Iran (see below), The Napels symposium on "Wood structure in Plant



Biology and Ecology”, and the field week associated with the 9th International Congress on Dendrochronology in Melbourne, Australia.

After the reports on annual activities and financial balance, the exoneration of the executive board was accepted without a dissentient vote.

An important point was the election for the ATR executive board for the next two years. The following members were elected:

**President**

Prof. Dr. Achim Bräuning

Institute of Geography Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg

**Vice president**

Dr. Holger Gärtner

Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research WSL

**Secretary**

Dr. Ute Sass-Klaassen

Wageningen University, Centre for Ecosystem Studies, Forest Ecology and Forest Management

**Treasurer**

Dr. Gerd Helle

Helmholtz-Zentrum Potsdam, Deutsches Geo-ForschungsZentrum (GFZ), Klimadynamik und Landschaftsentwicklung

**Extended Board Members**

Dr. Giovanna Battipaglia

Department of Environmental, Biological and Pharmaceutical Sciences and Technologies Second University of Naples, Italy

Dr. Ryszard Kaczka

Faculty of Earth Science, University of Silesia, Bedzinska 60, 41-200 Sosnowiec, Poland

On behalf of the newly elected board, A. Bräuning thanked all members for their trust and confidence.

***Your membership fees are needed  
for student support !***

ATR has the mission to support tree-ring research by supporting events that focus on teaching tree-ring sciences and by enabling young researchers to participate in training events and the annual TRACE conferences. Moreover, ATR participates in international tree-ring events like the International Conference on Dendrochronology and collaborates with other academic organizations like the Asian Dendrochronology Association. These activities have created a lot of acknowledgement and credit of ATR as an international partner in tree-ring sciences.

However, these activities can only be accomplished if ATR is able to maintain a healthy financial status. Unfortunately, during the past years we are facing an increasing tendency of declining incoming membership fees, resulting in a steady decrease of the financial buffer and resources of ATR. The most important financial resource of ATR comes from its members. Unfortunately, members sometimes forget to contribute their membership fees when they are unable to attend the annual TRACE conference. The ATR treasurer is regularly sending out reminders, but sometimes Email addresses changed or members do not respond to these reminders. Therefore ATR kindly reminds all members to update their personal data if there are any changes in affiliation, and to pay their membership fees. Otherwise, it is questionable if ATR will be able to continue its very





successful activities of supporting young scientists and promoting tree-ring research on an international level.

### **ADA 2015 in Katmandu (Nepal)**

By Achim Bräuning

The 4th Asian Dendrochronology Association's (ADA) biannual conference will be held from March 9-12 in Kathmandu, Nepal. ATR will continue the long cooperation with ADA, supporting the pre-conference field week and dendrochronology training course. ATR president Achim Bräuning will also participate as one of the teachers and was also invited for a keynote lecture on European dendrochronology. A report about this event will be given in the forthcoming newsletter.

### **Announcement: TRACE 2015 in Sevilla**

By Raúl Sánchez-Salguero

Dear ATR members, dear tree-ring colleagues, We are glad to announce that \*TRACE 2015\*

organized by the University Pablo de Olavide (UPO) and the Association for Tree-ring Research (ATR), in collaboration with Pyrenean Institute of Ecology-Spanish National Research Council (IPE-CSIC), University of Barcelona (UB), Forest and Wood Technology Research Centre (CETEMAS) and University of Valladolid (UVa), will be held in Sevilla (Spain) during 20-

23 May 2015. Registration is now open; deadline for sending abstracts is 31st of March 2015. For details of conference fees, location and program, please have a look at [www.dendrospain.es](http://www.dendrospain.es).

TRACE 2015 seeks to strengthen the network and scientific exchange of scientists and students involved in the study of tree-rings. It aims at presenting and discussing new discoveries and approaches across the breadth of tree-ring science. The scope of the meeting includes all fields of dendrochronology and its application\* in archaeology, climatology, geomorphology, glaciology, fire history, forest dynamics, ecology, plant anatomy, hydrology and physiology, including the use of stable isotopes.

We are looking forward to welcome you in Sevilla!

### **TRACE 2015 - Organizing Committee**

Achim Bräuning (on behalf of ATR)  
Juan C. Linares (UPO)  
Raúl Sánchez-Salguero (UPO)  
José I. Seco (UPO)  
J. Julio Camarero (IPE-CSIC)  
Emilia Gutiérrez (UB)  
José M. Olano (UVa)  
Andrea Hevia (CETEMAS)

### **Dendro-Field week in Poland**

By Ryszard Kaczka



26th European Dendroecological Fieldweek will be held on 30 August - 6 September 2015 in Zawoja, south Poland. It will be organized by

Kerstin Treydte & David Frank from Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research WSL and Ryszard Kaczka, Karolina Janecka from Faculty of Earth Science, University of Silesia.

The fieldweek is addressed to all people interested in tree-rings, especially students of all level. The European Dendroecological Fieldweek is an official course of University of Bern awarded by ECTS points.

Topics will traditionally cover the full spectrum of dendrochronological issues and foster cross-disciplinary links.

Each topic will include keynote lectures, field work, sample preparation and tree-ring analyses in small groups.

It will be an opportunity to learn, discuss and make new friends from all around the world.

For more details visit the website: [dendro2015.pl](http://dendro2015.pl) or contact us ([dendro2015@mail.com](mailto:dendro2015@mail.com)).

### **Series: Tree-ring labs in Europe**

By Giovanna Battipaglia

The Laboratory of Dendro-ecology is based at the Second University of Naples, Italy. The laboratory consists of a fully-equipped dendro-lab (microscopes, binocular stereoscopes, scanner, LINTAB measuring stage with TSAP software, image analysis software) a wood preparation lab and a chemical lab.

The associate facility for Isotopic Research (CIRCE) hosts a conventional mass spectrometry (IRMS) laboratory for the stable isotope analysis of solid, gaseous and liquids

samples, equipped with 2 mass spectrometers, 2 Elemental Analyzers (EAs), 1 pyrolysis (TC/EA) and a gas-chromatographic system coupled with a combustion and pyrolysis interface (GC-C/TC-IRMS). Further, it hosts a 3 MV accelerator mass spectrometry (AMS) system, a sample preparation laboratory for the AMS measurements in ultralow <sup>14</sup>C contamination conditions. In 2010 CIRCE centre radiocarbon dating procedure gained the ISO 9001:2008 certificate and in 2012 became one of the laboratories listed in the Nuclear Physics European Collaboration Committee (NuPECC) an expert committee of the European Science Foundation.



Figure 1: Laboratory for chemical-physical analyses

#### **Scientific team**

Simona Altieri, post doc  
Giovanna Battipaglia, Research Scientist  
Simona Castaldi, Research Scientist  
Elisabetta Giuditta, PhD  
Carmine Lubritto, Research Scientist  
Davide Stabile, master  
Student Sandro Strumia, Research Scientist



Figure 2: IRMS facility



Figure 3: Sampling fire scars (Cotignac, France)

### Fields of Research

- Dendrochronology application of stable isotopes, ring width and wood density to derive palaeoclimate reconstructions at the northern treeline forests and to reconstruct spatio-temporal dynamics of vegetation.

- Forest Ecology Application of dendroecology and stable isotopes ( $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ ,  $\delta^{15}\text{N}$ ,  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ ) to understand the responses of Mediterranean, tropical and temperate trees to climate, with special emphasis on their mechanisms to cope with drought and with atmospheric  $\text{CO}_2$  increase;

- Fire Ecology: application of dendroecology, stable isotope, radiocarbon and soil ecology to understand the effect of wildfires and prescribed burning on Mediterranean vegetation.

- Biogeochemistry of terrestrial ecosystems i.e., forest, grassland and cropland, particularly the response of soil and ecosystem carbon, nitrogen and water dynamics to climatic conditions and management regimes.



Figure 4: Sampling with a new drill device (Bormio, Italy)

### Ongoing projects

- 1) CARBOTREES "Climate change mitigation strategies in tree crops and forestry in Italy". Specific aim: quantification of water use efficiency and ecophysiological



performance of several trees species in relation with their capacity of C sequestration. Italian National Research Projects (MIUR-PRIN) 2011-2014

2) "The role of African tropical forests on the Greenhouse Gases balance of the atmosphere" Specific task: determination of the carbon source/sink strength of African tropical rainforest in the pre-industrial versus XXth century by temporal reconstruction of biomass growth with biogeochemical markers. GHG AFRICA- ERC GRANT

3) "Effects of climate change on wood growth in Mediterranean ecosystems: past reconstructions, present assessment and future perspectives" Specific aim: identification of the dynamics of tree-ring formation in different species of Mediterranean ecosystems in relation to climatic factors, especially water availability, in order to attain a fine key of interpretation of environmental signals in tree-ring chronologies with intra-annual resolution. National Project

4) "Effects of prescribed burning on Mediterranean vegetation". Regional project AIB 2012-2015.

5) STReSS "Studying Tree Responses to extreme Events: a SynthesiS". Specific aim: study of the distribution, frequency and ecological functions of intra-annual density fluctuation (IADFs). EU COST Action FP1106.

### Recent Publications

1. Battipaglia G., De Micco V., Brand W.A., Saurer M., Aronne G., Linke P., Cherubini P. (2014) Drought impact on water use efficiency and intra-annual density fluctuations in *Erica arborea* on Elba (Italy) *Plant, Cell and Environment*, 37 (2), pp. 382-391.

2. Battipaglia G, Strumia S, Esposito A, Giuditta E, Sirignano C, Altieri S, FA Rutigliano (2014) The effects of prescribed burning on *Pinus halepensis* Mill. as revealed by dendro-chronological and isotopic analyses. *Forest Ecology and Management* 334: 201-208.

3. Moreno-Gutiérrez C., Battipaglia G., Cherubini, P., Delgado Huertas, A., Querejeta, J. I. (2014) Pine afforestation decreases the long-term performance of understorey shrubs in a semi-arid Mediterranean ecosystem: A stable isotope approach *Functional Ecology*, DOI: 10.1111/1365-2435.12311

4. Campelo F, Vieira J, Battipaglia G, de Luis M, Nabais C, et al. (2015) Which matters most for the formation of intra-annual density fluctuations in *Pinus pinaster*: age or size? *Trees*: 1-9.

5. Tandoh, J.B., Marzaioli, F., Battipaglia, G., Capano, M., Castaldi, S., Lasserre, B., Marchetti, M., Passariello, I., Terrasi, F., Valentini, R. Biomass growth rate of trees from Cameroon based on <sup>14</sup>C analysis and growth models (2013) *Radiocarbon*, 55 (2-3), pp. 885-893



Figure 5: Experimental Prescribed Fire in *Pinus pinea* (Italy)



***Mini editorial***

Any contributions (e.g. science news, announcements or reports on forthcoming meetings, introductions about tree-ring laboratories) are welcome and should be sent to:

Prof Dr. Achim Bräuning, ATR President.  
Institute of Geography  
University Erlangen-Nürnberg  
Wetterkreuz 15  
D-91058 Erlangen, Germany  
[achim.braeuning@fau.de](mailto:achim.braeuning@fau.de)